

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Control Of Congress

PRESIDENT Eisenhower's influence on the "completely unpredictable" American voter has again proved itself and it appears to be beyond a shadow of doubt that his personality checked the anticipated landslide in favour of the Democrats. That the landslide did not materialise is a great tribute to the soldier-statesman. He carried the Republicans on his shoulders in the previous election and saved them from complete disaster on Tuesday with his 11th hour "get-out-the-vote" campaigning. It is interesting to note, however, that his whirlwind tour of seven States to boost his own endorsed candidates for the Senate and Governorships did not do much good. The Republicans carried only one of the States. The result of the election does not leave the Democrats in a very happy position even though they have complete control of the House of Representatives. In the Senate they now have nominal control, but they will be unable to muster a sufficient majority to veto non-ratification of bills by the President, should Mr. Eisenhower not see eye to eye with either House. This unsatisfactory state of affairs reveals a defect in the electoral system with the President now a member of the Opposition. Fortunately it is unlikely that there will be any major changes in foreign policy, but allocation of foreign aid might easily be affected. The domestic scene is liable to produce some lively encounters, particularly with regard to agricultural assistance, control of power projects and unemployment. The Democrats must pull something out of the hat to convince the people of their ability to govern their affairs before the next election in two years' time. It now appears improbable that Communists will continue to hunt for Speaker-designate Sam Rayburn has already made up his mind that the Republicans must "put up or shut up" in the dispute over Federal security risks. It can therefore be deduced that we are less likely to hear further tirades from Senator McCarthy for which we will all be thankful and America might regain some of her lost prestige.

The Family Meet The Pygmies

Spencer Chapman, best-selling novelist on a jaunt through the wilds of Africa introduces his young and excited family to the pygmies in this week's instalment of his new adventure.

Chapman, author of "The Jungle is Neutral", continues this warm, human story "And The Family Came Too" in tomorrow's China Mail and tells you how his son, Christopher, aged two, reacted at the sight of the odd little jungle men.

This is one of the many first-rate stories you'll find in tomorrow's China Mail, the week-

end family favourite with the most comprehensive feature coverage of any newspaper in Hongkong.

From behind the Iron Curtain comes the story of a Russian fashion house (but the really a slave camp) where they make luxury clothes for the Commissars' wives and girl friends.

A China Mail feature writer introduces you to a 72-year-old Chinese woman who has spent the last 50 years as a slave. Her recipe for a long and healthy life in this Saturday's Mail.

Another "World's Strangest Story" this week — DID THE SIX DUKE OF PORTLAND

WORKMEN FIND UNEXPLODED SHELL

Discovery Made In North Pt. Excavation

U.N.O. Agrees To New Arms Control Talks

New York, Nov. 4. The United Nations General Assembly gave its unanimous approval today to the terms of reference agreed between the West and the Soviet Union for a resumption of closed door five-power disarmament talks.

The resolution passed by the Assembly requested the 12-nation Disarmament Commission, composed of the 11 Security Council members plus Canada — to reconvene the Sub-committee which met last year in London for private talks in an effort to break the nine-year-old deadlock on the problem.

The five Powers represented on that Sub-committee were Britain, France, the Soviet Union, the United States and Canada.—Reuter.

Hongkong-Pi Smuggling Ring Exposed

Manila, Nov. 5. Customs authorities last night prepared to arrest a Chinese, businessman believed to be the "brains" behind the well-organised smuggling ring following the discovery yesterday of an attempt to smuggle a shipment of 150 Swiss-made watches worth US\$3,000 from Hongkong.

The projected arrest of the Chinese, however, follows a Luzon brokerage firm's discharge yesterday of one of its employees who allegedly participated in the smuggling attempt.

The dismissed clerk-tylist furnished the key to the discovery of the smuggling ring when he was questioned and identified the Chinese businessman.

The clerk-tylist was arrested while he was in the act of taking out of a Customs warehouse at Manila's international airport a package which he said contained only \$20 worth of lacquered boxes and several rolls of Chinese watercolour paintings.

When the package was opened, it was found to contain undeclared goods consisting of 80 wrist watches for men and 50 for women.—France-Press.

Pt. Excavation DELICATE REMOVAL JOB BY HK POLICE

A grim reminder of the Japanese attack on Hongkong 13 years ago came to light last night when workmen engaged in excavating a hill in North Point came across a live 375-pound Japanese armour-piercing shell buried deep in the red clay.

The workers, engaged in levelling the hill near Cheung Hong Street, opposite the Empire Theatre, unearthed a small portion of the shell and lost no time in telling the Bay View Police Station.

A party of Police and the Police Ballistics Officer, Mr. F. A. Ewins, rushed to the scene. After a preliminary examination Mr. Ewins decided to remove the shell this morning.

At about 8.30 a.m. today the delicate operation began. Sub-Inspr. J. P. MacMahon of Bay View was lowered over a ledge on the top of the hill to the steep bank where the large shell was imbedded.

It was then discovered that the relic of World War II was a Japanese-made naval armour-piercing shell, measuring 32 inches in diameter. It had been buried 15 feet below the surface since 1941.

The question of how to get the shell to the road-level from its position nearly 50 feet above was solved when it was decided

to roll the missile down the bank in stages, each time stopping it with a soft carpet of earth.

After an hour and a half the job was completed, and the shell was rushed to Bay View Police Station in a Police van—and later to the Marine Police Wharf where it was loaded on a launch, and dumped in the deep waters of Sulphur Channel near Cheungchau Island shortly after 10 a.m.

NO IMMINENT DANGER

In an interview with the China Mail this morning, Mr. Ewins said, "There was no imminent danger that the shell would explode if it were left alone. However it was 'live' and could have gone off if someone had fooled around with it."

By a curious coincidence, Mr. Ewins had issued a warning on the danger of war relics still undiscovered in Hongkong, when he was the speaker at the weekly luncheon of the Rotary Club East at Winner House — two blocks away from where the shell was found—last Wednesday.

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The live shell.

Typhoon 'Pam' Likely To Pass South Of Hongkong

The Royal Observatory warned this morning that strong northerly winds are expected in Hongkong tonight.

Typhoon Pamela, at 8 a.m. today centred 350 miles east-south-east of the Colony and moving west by north at about 14 knots, is expected to pass to the south of Hongkong early tomorrow morning if it continues on its present course.

The Royal Observatory could not indicate how close it will come but a spokesman said "It will probably weaken during the next 24 hours because of an incursion of dry northerly winds from the mainland of China."

The typhoon was causing gales within 200 miles of its centre at 8 a.m. today.

No. 1 Signal Up

No. 1 Typhoon signal was hoisted at 11.30 a.m. today. Mackinnon Mackenzie announced this morning that because of the approaching typhoon the Chusan will put to sea this afternoon to weather the storm.

She is expected to return tomorrow afternoon, weather permitting. She will sail from Hongkong on either Sunday or Monday.

A Tokyo U.P. report said the typhoon almost doubled its speed yesterday as it moved across the South China Sea.

Top winds at its centre dropped from 160 mph to 140 mph.

The storm increased its speed from nine mph to 17 and Tokyo forecasters predicted it would pass about 100 miles south of Hongkong by Saturday morning.

Northern Luzon and the east coast of Formosa were affected by the typhoon last

No White Paper On Cyprus

Colonial Secretary Alan Lennox-Boyd yesterday declined a Conservative Member of Parliament's request to publish a White Paper "illustrating the political influence and pressure exercised by the Greek Orthodox Church in Cyprus."—United Press.

Tories Hold London Seat

London, Nov. 4. The Conservative Party easily retained its Parliamentary seat in a by-election at Sutton and Cheam, a London suburb, today.

The result announced tonight was Major Richard Sharples, Conservative, 21,880; Mr. Norman Fowler, 13,022; Conservative majority 10,857.

Major Sharples, 37, was formerly an assistant to Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery, Deputy Atlantic Pact Supreme Commander.

The Sutton and Cheam result gives the Conservative Government a 100 per cent majority of 15 in the House of Commons, though the real majority is 18 as the Speaker, (Chairman), does not vote.—Reuter.

LABOUR PARTY TO BACK SEATO

Bitter Criticism Of Pact Expected From Bevanites

London, Nov. 5.

The Parliamentary Labour Party last night decided, despite left-wing objections, to back the Southeast Asian Treaty Organisation when the House of Commons debates the eight-nation pact on Monday.

The party took this line at a 45-minute private meeting after learning the terms of a Government motion calling for support of the Southeast Asian pact.

This motion was tabled last night in the names of Sir Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, Sir Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, and other Government leaders for Monday's half-day debate.

It called for approval of the Government policy "as expressed in the agreements reached at Geneva (for an Indo-China pact) and in the Manila treaty (setting up SEATO).

OWN MOTION EXPECTED

Earlier the Labour Opposition had been expected to put forward its own critical motion without voting against the treaty but expressing its reservations on it.

Now these qualifications are likely to be put in general terms in the debate by Mr. Kenneth Younger, former Minister of State at the Foreign Office, as their chief speaker.

Sir Anthony Eden will be the main Government spokesman.

LABOUR CRITICISM

Many Labour spokesmen have been critical of the omission of Commonwealth Asian nations—India and Ceylon—from the treaty.

But the party's left-wingers, headed by Mr. Aneurin Bevan, have been the most vocal critics, charging that it was aimed at the encirclement of Communist China.

Earlier this year the fiery Welshman resigned from the party's Parliamentary leadership mainly in disagreement with Mr. Clement Attlee, the leader, and his lieutenants over their attitude towards the pact.

BEVANITES' PLANS

After last night's session left-wingers said the Government's linking of the Geneva agreement—which they enthusiastically support—with the Manila pact in a single motion made it impossible for them to vote against it.

As they received only sparse support at the private meeting the "Bevanites" do not plan to table any amendment of their own. But they are expected to voice bitter criticism of the Manila accord in the debate.—Reuter.

Soviet Charges To Be Debated In UN

New York, Nov. 5. The United Nations General Assembly agreed last night to debate a Soviet complaint of aggression against the China mainland "and responsibility of the U.S. Navy for those acts."

The Assembly, meeting in plenary session, approved the Steering Committee's recommendation to include this item on its agenda with a second Soviet proposal.

This was a complaint of violation of the freedom of navigation in the area of the China seas.

No opposition was voiced to the inclusion of either item.—Reuter.

New Jet Plane Explodes In Speed Trial

San Diego, Nov. 5. The United States naval prototype of the "Sea Dart", the world's fastest jet plane, exploded in mid-air during a public demonstration over San Diego Bay, California, yesterday, killing the pilot.

The plane, making a speed run across the harbour before a huge crowd, shattered apart in a huge burst of yellow flame at about 500 feet above the water.

The pilot, Charles E. Richbourg, was still alive when he was pulled out of the water, but he died shortly afterwards.

The accident occurred just after Richbourg had taken off across the Bay.

Known as the Sea Dart, the plane was the first delta wing twin jet seaplane.

It was built to take off and land on "hydro skis" instead of the normal floats and hulls.

The manufacturers claimed that it broke the sound barrier last August in a test flight.—Reuter.

CRASH IN ARIZONA

Tucson, Arizona, Nov. 4. An aircraft crashlanded and exploded at Tucson municipal airport tonight, the Arizona Highway Patrol reported.

"This is Hong Kong"

THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE Picture Record OF HONG KONG EVER PUBLISHED

Depicting Waterfront Scenes, City Scenes, Urban Scenes, Harbour Scenes, Architecture, Churches, University Buildings, Markets, Features, Chinese Ceremonies, Shipbuilding, Factories, People at Work, People at Play, Arts and Crafts, Sporting Activities, Character Studies, Child Welfare, Chinese New Year Scenes, The Colony by Night, Pageantry, Hong Kong a Hundred Years Ago, in all, over

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At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m. At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m. At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

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ON PANORAMIC WIDE SCREEN

Bob's Hilarious As The Menace Of Venice!

CASANOVA'S BIG NIGHT

Color by TECHNICOLOR

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BASIL RATHBONE • AUDREY DALTON • HUGH MARLOWE

PLEASE BOOK EARLY!

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2nd BIG WEEK

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.

ON PANORAMIC SCREEN

"I must possess the man I love... heart, body and soul!"

M-G-M presents in Color by TECHNICOLOR

"RHAPSODY"

ELIZABETH TAYLOR

VITTORIO GASSMAN

JOHN ERICSON • LOUIS CALHERN

With Perspecta Stereophonic Sound

LEE GREAT WORLD

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

COMMENCING TO-DAY

HE LED THE APACHE NATION'S WILD REVOLT AGAINST GERONIMO'S PILLAGING HORDES!

SON OF COCHISE

Color by TECHNICOLOR

Starring **TROCK HUDSON** and **BARBARA RUSH**

ROXY & BROADWAY

OPENS TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

A Panoramic Production

On Our Panoramic MAGIC MIRROR Screens!

THE RAID

Color by TECHNICOLOR

Starring **VAN HEFLIN** and **ANNE BANCROFT**

Also starring **RICHARD BOONE** and **LEE MARVIN**

HOOVER SHOWING TO-DAY

2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

From the covered wagon to the iron horse... The West's Greatest Sagas along the trail of

OVERLAND PACIFIC

Color

Alleged 'Concealed' Veto Used Against Communists

United Nations, Nov. 4.

Russia accused the Western Powers today of using a "concealed" veto to block admission to the United Nations of Soviet-backed countries.

Russian delegate, Mr. G. F. Salskin, speaking in the General Assembly's special Political Committee, formally moved a Soviet proposal that the Assembly recommend membership for five Communist States and nine favoured by the West. It is the newest Russian "package deal" for bargaining away the United Nations deadlock on new members.

The United States two days ago recalled that Russia had cast 28 vetoes in the Security Council to keep out prospective members.

Mr. Salskin said this was true, but contended that the United States, Britain and France had received the same objective by not voting to year after year by the United States and the United Kingdom is tantamount to a negative vote against the States they want to block.

NEGATIVE VOTE "This is nothing else but a concealed veto," he said. "This maneuver, this use of the concealed veto, which is resorted to year after year by the United States and the United Kingdom is tantamount to a negative vote against the States they want to block."

Mr. Salskin said that Russia was trying to meet the Western Powers halfway through its proposal. The Western Powers have indicated that they are just as much opposed as even to any "bargaining for votes."

He said Russia was against admitting Laos and Cambodia until the whole Indo-Chinese problem is settled. Australia, Pakistan and Thailand have proposed that the Assembly recommend membership for the two States.

India's Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon spoke to the Committee on behalf of an Indian draft resolution that would send back to the Security Council all 21 pending applications for membership for further consideration. It also would continue the work of the Good Offices Com-

that his delegation would vote for the Laos and Cambodia draft resolution. He also said that failure to admit Ceylon was "plain abuse of the provisions of the United Nations Charter."—United Press.

Egyptian Beauty To Continue Fight Against Polygamy

New York, Nov. 4.

An Egyptian feminist, fighting for the rights of the women of her country — but looking like a Paris model or a Hollywood pin-up girl — told the New York Press today that she intends to continue the fight for the elimination of polygamy and the insurance of a limitation of free divorce in Egypt.

So intent is the beautiful Mme. Doria Shafik, founder of the "Daughters of the Nile" on these objectives that she intends to campaign to win a seat in the House of Congress in Egypt, when the next election is called.

CONFIDENT

She expressed confidence today that she would be elected. She would try to represent the district of Abidin, where she edits several magazines and has written some books.

Mme. Shafik started a Press conference at the beautiful headquarters of Middle Eastern Affairs in New York, named "Middle East House," by giving a tribute to her deceased countryman, Dr. Mahmoud Azmi, chief Egyptian delegate to the United Nations, who died at the United Nations headquarters yesterday.

Mme. Shafik said that the liberation of Egyptian women was simultaneous with the liberation of Egypt from King Farouk.

"All liberation goes together," she added. "It would be impossible for a country to be free if her women were subordinated. Women suffered very much by laws made by men."

Men cannot "understand the needs of women and children. When people first heard what I was trying to do, get political rights for women, the public opinion was that I was all wrong. After the hunger strike they realised that what I was asking was not a joke or something emotional, but something from the heart. Public opinion is very difficult to move, but if you have the will, opposition becomes slight. I am not afraid."

SPIRIT OF KORAN

"The true spirit of the Koran is with us. We are right in a religious way. Paraphrasing the Koran says 'You may have two, three or four wives, if you are just amongst them.' You can see that the spirit of the Koran is not against the liberation of women," the chief Egyptian feminist added.—United Press.

POP

I ALWAYS CARRY IT WITH ME WHEREVER I GO.

THEN YOU SPREAD A LITTLE HAPPINESS WHEREVER YOU GO!



In chains and manacled, Joan of Arc—portrayed by Ingrid Bergman—is seen at the stake on the stage of the Stoll Theatre, London. She is appearing in a production by her husband, Roberto Rossellini, of Ionesco's opera "Joan of Arc at the Stake."—Reuterphoto.

Edda Ciano Wants Il Duce's Body

Rome, Nov. 4.

Countess Edda Ciano, daughter of Benito Mussolini has sought the assistance of Pope Pius XII himself to persuade the Italian government to return the remains of the dictator for family burial. It was reported here today.

Only a handful of men high in Government circles know for certain where the body is today and they have always refused to make known its whereabouts, fearful of demonstrations by the Italians who remain nostalgically loyal to the memory and personality of "Il Duce."

However, the Italian weekly magazine "Epoca" says today that Mussolini's body reposes beneath the high altar of the Church of San Angelo in Milan and claims that everything is in readiness for family burial at the San Ciriaco cemetery near Predappio where Mussolini was born.

His relatives have made numerous requests to the Government during the past few years to be given custody of the body, but they have always been rejected for reasons of State.

In the event, that Edda Ciano's present appeal is successful, Mussolini's final resting place will be that of his parents and his son, Bruno, who was killed during World War II.—France-Press.

New W. Berlin Mayor

Berlin, Nov. 4.

Herr Hermann Fischer, a Free Democrat, was elected Mayor of Berlin today by the West Berlin City Parliament. He succeeds Dr. Walter Conrad, who resigned last week after a vote of censure.

It was alleged that Dr. Conrad refused to grant a Jew a chemist shop concession and the Social Democrat Party accused him of showing an "intolerant" attitude towards victims of Nazi injustice. The new Mayor is the deputy of the governing Mayor of West Berlin, Dr. Walter Schreiber. Herr Fischer also retains his post as City Councillor for Interior Affairs.—Reuter.

Brotherhood Proposes A Truce

Cairo, Nov. 4.

Abdel Kader Auda, Deputy Supreme Guide of the Moslem Brotherhood, today wrote to Lieutenant Colonel Gamal Abdel Nasser, Egyptian Prime Minister, and proposed a "truce" between the Government and the Brotherhood.

Auda sent his letter from the military prison where he is being detained together with 640 other Moslem brethren following the attempt to assassinate the Prime Minister last week.

Col. Nasser tonight described the letter as another "sinister design" by the Brotherhood.

SURRENDER ARMS

The Deputy Supreme Guide promised in his letter to surrender the arms and ammunition of the secret terror organization within the Brotherhood cells in the Army and Police within fifteen days providing the Government promised not to take any action against any member of the Moslem Brotherhood.

If the Government would do this, we would also promise to abandon politics, Auda said.—Reuter.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN BRITAIN

London, Nov. 5.

Unemployment in Britain increased last month to nearly 224,000, the Ministry of Labour reported today. But the Ministry said this represented 1.2 per cent of the total working population, compared with 1.6 per cent in October, last year. The total working population in Britain was about 22,620,000 last month, of whom 830,000 were serving in the armed forces.—Reuter.

QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m. || 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 p.m.

2nd WEEK!

THE CAINE MUTINY

IS AS BIG AS THE OCEAN!

Starring HUMPHREY BOGART • JOSE FERRER
VAN JOHNSON • FRED MACMURRAY
Introducing ROBERT FRANCIS • MAY WYNN Color by TECHNICOLOR • A COLUMBIA PICTURE • A STANLEY KRAMER PRODUCTION

RITZ

TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

HIS FUNNIEST PICTURE YET!

DANNY KAYE

MAI ZETTERLING

Directed by SYLVIA FINE

Screenplay by NORMAN PANAMA and MELVIN FRANK

"KNOCK ON WOOD"

Color by TECHNICOLOR

ORIENTAL

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ON OUR NEW GIANT WIDE SCREEN!

Colours Pictures

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Enjoyable Cookery	15.00
Baby Book	25.00
The Hongkong Countryside (Herklots)	25.00
Hongkong Birds (Herklots)	35.00
Coronation Glory	10.50
King George VI	10.50
It's Fun Finding Out — 2nd series (Bernard Wickstead)	5.00
Rupert Adventure Books	4.00 & 5.00
Rupert Magazines	1.00
The Magic Scroll	4.50
No Hiding Place (Behind Scotland Yard)	10.00
Common Marine Food-Fishes of Hongkong (second enlarged edition)	24.00
Weights & Measurements	15.00
Chinese Creeds & Customs (V. R. Burkhardt)	18.00
Stamp Collection Albums	from 3.00

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JOHN WAYNE

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Bayer's TONIC

BAYER

DON'T WASTE WATER

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Waterproof Cement Paint

SNOWCEM

Waterproof Cement Paint

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

FREER REIN FOR IKE

MR FRANCE CAMPAIGNS AGAINST DRINK

Paris, Nov. 4. M. Pierre Mendes-France, French Prime Minister, who has often been photographed with a glass of milk or a soft drink in his hand, is planning the next step in his campaign against alcoholism in France.

Under his emergency economic powers, he has already decreed that only one-third of next year's sugar-beet crop may be distilled into alcohol.

Now despite the ever alert and powerful "alc hol" today



M. MENDES-FRANCE

In Parliament he is considering further steps which will affect not only the big producer but the individual drinker. Decisions are expected within a week or so.

There are some of the measures the President and his staff are considering.

1. Re-institution of some wartime measures, such as "drinks" days, when alcoholic drinks could not be bought in cafes and wine-shops. Opening and closing hours could also be more strictly regulated.

Most bars now open early in the morning and do not close until evening or after midnight depending on the area.

2. Imposition of higher taxes on alcoholic drinks or on liquor sales licences. France already has more bars per capita and a higher alcoholism rate than any other country.

HEAVY FINES

3. Application of heavy fines for public drunkenness. At present, there is posted in every bar a faded sheet of small print warning that drunks will be fined for disturbing the peace, striking policemen and so on.

There could also be closer supervision of the law forbidding sales of intoxicants to minors. —Reuter.

Elephants On Rampage

Salisbury, S. Rhodesia, Nov. 4.

A great herd of 60 wild elephants was reported here to be moving into the south-eastern part of the state threatening water supplies and vital crops.

Mr A. J. Fraser, Federal game officer, announcing this here added that few people realised what vast herds of elephants there are in Southern Rhodesia and what a difficulty it is to control them.

Herds are interfering with the irrigation system in the Sabi River area also while hippopotami are causing widespread damage and the rapacious baboon population is increasing rapidly.

He called for the establishment of a team of first-class amateur hunters to thin out in particular the baboons, zebra and wildebeest in certain districts. —China Mail Special.

Hats Point Way To Man's Character

New York, Nov. 4.

Beware of the small man with a big hat. He is compensating for his smallness and is liable to be quick-tempered.

Beware, too, of the man in a yachting cap who doesn't own a yacht. He resents the fact that he cannot afford one and to him a yachting cap is a symbol. He is wearing it because of his inferiority.

These are the opinions of Harry Rotnick, U.S. hat expert, who says that hats are one of the clearest pointers to a man's character.

Best of all, says Rotnick, is the man with a tweed cap firmly on the middle of his head. He's "honest, dependable, straightforward."

Tougher Soldiers

Washington, Nov. 4.

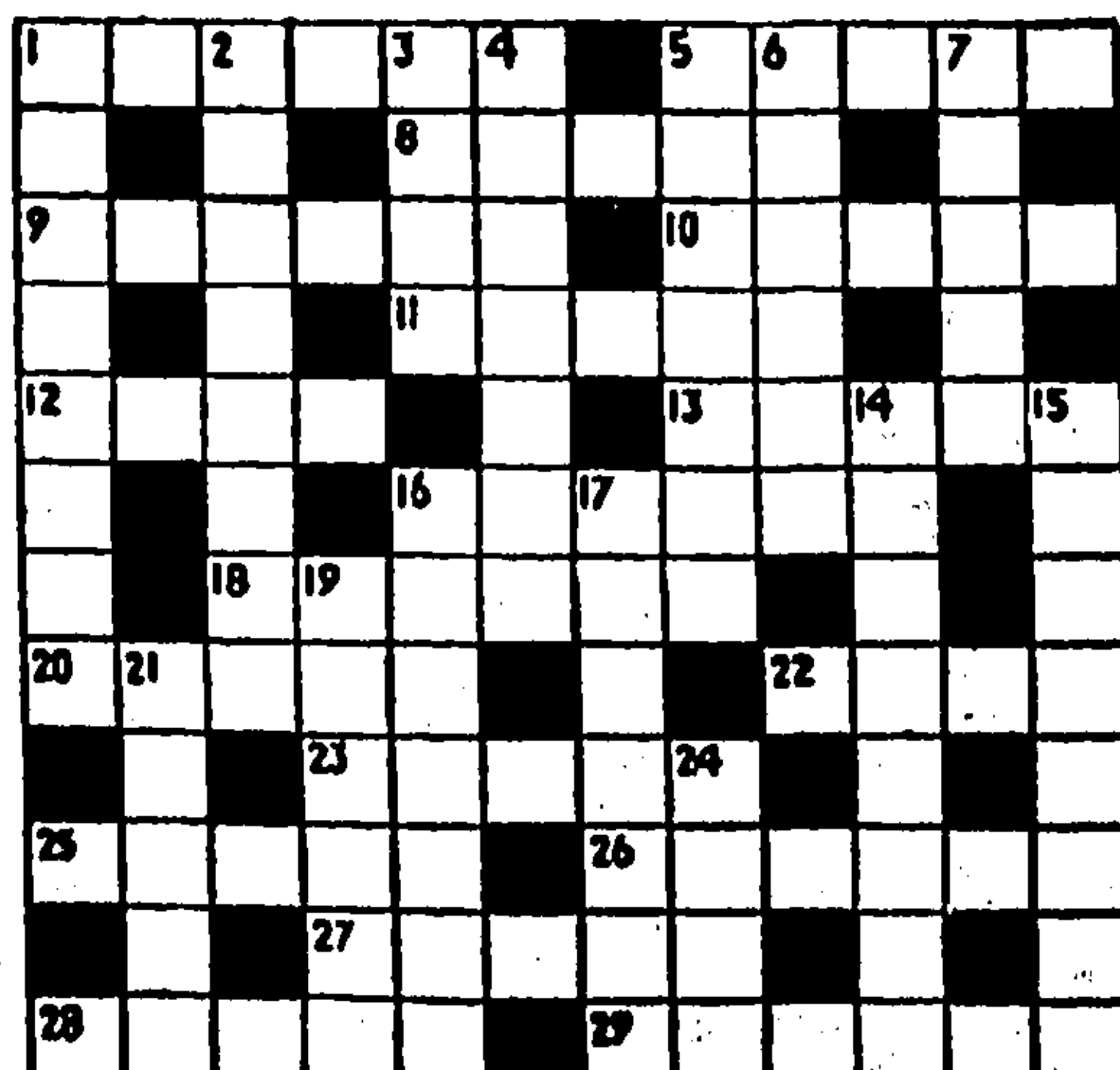
The U.S. Army has decided to stop "mushmading" troops. Special combat officers have been told to plan rougher training programmes.

The decision was made because of an Army report that the Korean war proved that soft, inadequately trained soldiers were the first to become casualties.

Many Army officers reported that while Americans fought well in Korea they could have fought better, if their training had been more effective.

One officer said that while the Chinese in Korea knew how to cut on light rations, American soldiers demanded two hot meals a day and did not fight so effectively when they did not receive them. —London Express Service.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS
- Tree (6).
 - Drugged (5).
 - Allude (5).
 - Calamitous (6).
 - Pealed (5).
 - Servant (5).
 - Dutch cheese (4).
 - Kinds (5).
 - Venerable (6).
 - Rubs out (6).
 - Student at military college (6).
 - Catalogue (4).
 - Bober (5).
 - Drifter (5).
 - Material (6).
 - Spanish title (5).
 - Agreements (5).
 - Snuggle (6).
- DOWN
- Touching (8).
 - Conciliated (8).
 - Parched (4).
 - Withdraws (7).
 - Removes from office (7).
 - Spencer (5).
 - Upright (5).
 - Military unit (8).
 - Judgment (8).
 - Playthings (7).
 - Ment (7).
 - Oppose (6).
 - Edith (5).
 - Venture (5).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1 Hammer, 5 Pickle, 8 Lard, 9 Cheese, 11 Earl, 12 Dwell, 15 Band, 16 Drove, 18 Lure, 19 Post, 20 Toot, 24 Creel, 25 Sings, 26 Ever, 27 Bawl, 28 Sensed, Down: 1 Hook, 2 Mood, 3 Kiss, 4 Realed, 5 Pledge, 6 Curious, 7 Spurred, 10 Over, 11 Mistle, 14 Sings, 15 Netted, 17 Rayed, 19 Pulls, 21 Tilt, 22 Now, 23 Ooze.

Administration Will Make Best Of A Bad Job GROUND CUT FROM UNDER McCARTHY

By Paul Scott Rankine

Washington, Nov. 4.

Administration leaders tonight were prepared to make the best of a bad job over the Republican defeat in Tuesday's elections.

But the Democrats' victory in both Houses of Congress was seen by many here as offering President Eisenhower himself a freer rein for many of his policies, notably in the international field.

After January 1, when the new Congress meets, chairmanships of all the committees in the Senate and the House of Representatives will pass to Democrats. Approval of these committees is a virtual necessity for the success of the President's legislation proposals.

And his plans for foreign aid, freer trade and other moves towards internationalism are likely to find the Democrats with their strong liberal element more sympathetic than many of his own Republicans. After a neck-and-neck race the Democrats need ahead to victory by one seat in the 96-seat Senate.

PARTY'S HERO

The party's hero tonight was 41-year-old Richard Neuberger, who gave them this narrow majority by winning Oregon, breaking a 40-year Republican hold on that Pacific state.

But because the result was so close, Mr. Neuberger's final majority is expected to be about 2,000—the State Governor ordered all ballot papers placed under guard pending a recount about December 1.

Though the Democrats have 48 Senate seats to the Republicans' 47, the odd one will give them the Senate vote. Oregon's other Senator, Mr. Wayne Morse, who holds it as an Independent, has promised to line up with the Democrats.

Never in American history has Senate race been so close. And the Oregon result, apart, the composition could still change.

Republican seats include that of Mr. Clifford Case who has a slim majority over this Democratic opponent in New Jersey. There is to be a recount there and the official result may not be announced for a week.

MCCARTHY STRIPPED

One of the results of the Democrats' success will be to cut a lot of ground from under McCarthy when he loses the chairmanship of two Senate investigation committees.

He will be stripped of his power to continue inquiries into suspected subversion in Government and to subpoena reluctant witnesses for grilling cross examination which has led even the President to protest.

Senator McCollan, Democrat from Arkansas, avowed enemy of McCarthy, will succeed him. In the House of Representatives, the un-American Activities Committee—counterpart of the McCarthy Group—will have as new Chairman Democrat Congressman Francis Walter. He has been a stern opponent of the methods of the Republican Chairman, Mr. Harold Velde.

The trade protectionists have been dealt a heavy blow too. Their champion in the House, Mr. Daniel Reed, a Republican high tariff advocate, will be ousted from the chairmanship of the important Ways and Means Committee which handles all tariff as well as tax legislation.

SUCCESSFUL FIGHT

It was Mr. Reed, who led the protectionist successful fight against the acceptance of the President's liberal trade programme.

The committee chairmanship will go to Mr. Jere Cooper, a Tennessee Democrat, who supported Mr. Eisenhower's trade proposals and favours lower tariffs.

As well as taking the chairmanships of all committees, the Democrats will have majority in committee membership.

Ousted from the chairmanship of the Appropriations Committee will be Mr. John Taber, who has been a persistent advocate of slashing foreign aid right from the days of the Marshall Plan.

The House Foreign Affairs Committee is likely to be headed by a strong advocate of European unity, Mr. James Eastland of South Carolina.

It was he who pushed through legislation, to cut off aid to countries which did not ratify the European Defence Community treaty or some similar of European collective defence. Speaker of the new House will be Mr. Sam Rayburn of Texas. He declared today: "We are not going to vote against them because he (the President) is a Republican."

Who will vote for things we think are in the interest of the American people and oppose those that are not."

N.Y. ARGUMENT

In New York, tonight, argument still raged around the victory of Democrat Mr. Averell Harriman in the election for State Governor.

Republicans who have had administrative control of the Empire state for 12 years pinned their hopes of upsetting Mr. Harriman's success on an official recount which has started in some districts and will start in the city area on Tuesday.

Mr. Harriman's unofficial majority is only 9,637 in a five million poll. The State Attorney General, Mr. Nathaniel Goldstein, has begun investigating alleged voting frauds.

Vice-President Richard Nixon will continue to act as President of the Senate, a constitutional prerogative. But he has no vote except to break a tie.

The floor leadership will be taken out of the hands of Republican Senator William Knowland who recently proposed that Mr. Eisenhower should break off America's diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union.

Senator Lyndon Johnson, a Texas Democrat, will be the new leader.

NO ARGUMENT

While Americans discussed tonight what has been called the most topsy-turvy election for general elections, there was no argument that the poll was the heaviest ever recorded for a mid-term election.

Incomplete returns put the figure at more than 44,680,000, compared with the previous record of 40,351,922 in 1950. The electorate is about 100 million. About 61,680,000 votes were cast in the 1952 Presidential election won by Mr. Eisenhower. —Reuter.

EIGHT ARAB NATIONS PROTEST TO BRITAIN

London, Nov. 4.

The eight Arab nations today vigorously protested to Britain against the intention of the new British Ambassador to Israel, Mr. Jack Nicholls, to present his credentials in Jerusalem instead of Tel-Aviv.

Mr. Anthony Nutting, the Minister of State at the Foreign Office, who received the London, envoys of Arab States, told the action had no political implications. It was purely an "international courtesy".

He also assured them Britain did not intend to move her Embassy from Tel-Aviv to Jerusalem which is supposed to be "internationalised" under a United Nations resolution, the Foreign Office stated.

The Israel Government decided to move its capital from Tel-Aviv to Jerusalem in 1950 but, Britain, like the United States and France, refuses to recognise this and keeps her Embassy in the old capital.

The Arab diplomats told Mr. Nutting at the Foreign Office today they feared the possibility of Mr. Nicholls, if he presented his credentials in Jerusalem, would cause a deterioration of relations between the Arab State and Britain.

FOLLOWED CONSULTATIONS

Mr. Nutting replied that the decision that Mr. Nicholls should present his credentials to Hashim Ben Evi in Jerusalem next Wednesday was taken following consultations with France and the United States.

Envoys represented Egypt, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Syria, the Lebanon, Jordan, Libya and the Yemen. Their verbal protest followed a similar move in Washington yesterday. The Arab States then protested to the United States against the intention of Mr. Edward Lawrence, the new American Ambassador to Israel, to present his credentials in Jerusalem.

New Way To Reduce Road Accidents



"Freddie" the goat mascot, has been instrumental in reducing the number of accidents in the 2nd Battalion of the Canadian Infantry Regiment "Princess Patricia" in Germany. Any driver who is involved in an accident is given the task of looking after "Freddie" for one week. In a short time the number of accidents was reduced from seventeen to six. Proof that the lesson of minding the goat is having good effect.—Express Photo.

London Corporation Running Short Of Ready Money

London, Nov. 4.

The Corporation of the City of London, once one of the world's richest square miles, today reported that its 600-year-old cash fund was at a low ebb because of the high cost of living.

The City's funds maintain the Old Bailey (London's High Court), the Mansion House (Official residence of the Lord Mayor), open spaces and schools. It is also responsible for the maintenance of a "dignified civic pageantry" and in dispensing hospitality on national and international occasions.

The cash comes from the development of waste land and common soil in the city, the title of which was confirmed by charter of King Henry VI in 1444. Today Mr. W. E. Sykes, Chairman of the City's Coal, Corn and Finance Committee told the Court of Common Council which governs the city that the fund was in "a very serious state."

"I think we must face the fact that we can no longer finance all the services and amenities which we have provided for generations. Elsewhere in the country, most of them are paid for out of the ratepayers or taxpayers' money."

Mr. Sykes said since World War II, the fund had paid £583,700 to the Guildhall School of Music; £411,300 to the upkeep of open spaces and £287,900 for the administration of justice, mainly at the Old Bailey.

CITIZENS ENTERTAINED

More than £66,000 has been spent on entertaining leading world citizens.

The general reserve of the fund was £450,433 at the end of last year. With the deficiency anticipated for this year, the balance next would be £243,170. Mr. Sykes said he thought that with the co-operation of every member of the Court, the fund would in time right itself. —China Mail Special.

Paris Pact Attacked

Hamburg, Nov. 4.

Herr Erich Ollenhauer, leader of the West German Social Democratic Party, said tonight that the Paris agreement bringing West Germany into Western defence, threatened to increase international tension.

In a broadcast speech, Herr Ollenhauer said: "We are threatened with a development which will widen the rift dividing Germany (between East and West) and Europe."

The Opposition leader said the agreement continued the policy of Dr. Konrad Adenauer, the Chancellor, which he said was designed to make a permanent state of war between Germany and the Soviet Union. He said the agreement was a "step towards the re-division of Germany."

Martyr Of Bikini's Ashes Are Radio-Active

Tokyo, Nov. 5.

Japanese doctors here have certified that the ashes of Aikichi Kuboyama, now known throughout Japan as "the martyr of Bikini," are radio-active.

Their autopsy report has made the 39-year-old fisherman tragically famous as the first known victim of a hydrogen bomb.

But he died after developing jaundice.

His 22 fellow victims of the March 1 Bikini bomb's outfall of dust survived him. In October, doctors said that some of them had recovered sufficiently to be allowed to visit their homes.

CREMATED IN TOKYO

Kuboyama was cremated in Tokyo and his ashes taken to Yatsu for burial on October 10.

But four questions are still being asked—and discussed—here:

Was the jaundice the result of injuries from the bomb's dusting?

Would he have lived if United States medical experts had been permitted to make a full examination and prescribe treatment?

Did Japanese doctors, jealous of their national and professional position, fail Kuboyama by refusing American offers of help?

Is Japanese public opinion justified in its intensified call for the payment of damages by the United States following Kuboyama's death?

The Japanese Foreign Ministry acknowledges that his death "gave rise to a wave of charges and counter-charges over the treatment of the affected fisherman and the probable cause of the Kuboyama demise."

In an information bulletin issued in Tokyo, the Foreign Ministry concludes: "As for the report in some foreign newspapers that jaundice in Kuboyama's case might have been caused by blood transfusion, the Japanese physicians do not seem to agree, and the final report of their conclusion is expected to be announced in due course."

IMPORTANCE OF FINDINGS

Both Japanese and American authorities attach considerable importance to the medical findings on Kuboyama.

Each party concedes that throughout Japan the case caused intense anti-American feelings, fanned by angry newspaper comment accusing the United States of "insincerity" (a grave accusation in Japan.)

The medical case history, assembled here by the Japanese Foreign Ministry remains to be completed.

For Kuboyama, it was completed on the night of September 23. He had died at 1850 hours that day in Tokyo hospital, and the autopsy was performed the same night. Its results are still being studied and argued.—Reuter.

Belgrade, Nov. 4.

Yugoslavia and Indonesia have agreed to establish diplomatic relations and exchange representatives at ministerial level, an official announcement said today.

The announcement said that the establishment of diplomatic relations springs from "a wish to advance the existing friendly relations between Yugoslavia and the Republic of Indonesia."

—United Press.

Floods Cause Many Deaths In Italy



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The Vagabond Lover — Now In His Fifties

MEET RUDY VALLEE, THE FIRST CROONER

By **LOGAN GOURLAY**

THE head waiter in the exclusive Parisian restaurant lifted his left eye-brow and said: "Monsieur Vallee? I regret I do not know him."

I said: "Rudy Vallee, you know, the American star—the original crooner—the vagabond lover."

I was being misunderstood. I was told: "We do not have cabaret here."

I replied: "No, no. He's dining here. Asked me to join him. He's probably with his wife—a tall, attractive girl with long red hair."

"Ah, oui, monsieur. She's at the table over there. Follow me, please."

I did not tell Rudy Vallee that I might not have been able to find him without his wife's red hair beacon.

He would have been incredulous.

Unaware

It would be wrong to call Rudy Vallee simply immodest.

He is just blissfully and disarmingly unaware of the fact that there are a few people throughout the world who might not have heard of the first of the crooners, the man who paved the way for the quivering conquerors of the microphone.

He hastened to tell me: "Of course, I've never really been out of the public eye. After my first period of success as a singer (I don't like the word crooner) I took up cabaret and film work. I've made 14 films in the past five years."

He is in Paris now to lend his talents to the Jane Russell-Jeanne Crain colour musical "Gentlemen Prefer Brunettes."

When the unit moves to London in a few weeks he would like to display his cabaret act.

"But only," he emphasised, "in one of the leading night spots. I sing a bit, do a few impersonations."

In a kind of combination of Carl Brisson, Hildegard, and Sophie Tucker, for the Savoy Havana band as saxophonist. When he returned to America he emerged suddenly as the prototype of the international chattering heart-throbs.

No. 4 bore

HE explained how it happened: "On the night of January 8, 1928, I became a celebrity. I was playing in an eight-piece band. That night we were broadcasting from a new night club in New York called the Helgo. The owner didn't like the singer and asked me to try out. I just stepped up to the mike and sang softly. That did it. Within a year I was doing four broadcasts a night."

Mr Vallee supplied a host of other details about his transition from saxophonist to celebrated vocalist. In fact, he talked about his early career for 35 minutes non-stop. But it would be wrong to call him a No. 1 bore.

In a New York poll Ely Culbertson, the bridge expert, was voted No. 1 bore. Vallee was only No. 4.

Now 53, he is youthfully slim and erect. His face is un-wrinkled; his head unwigged.

He told me: "I've burned the candle at both ends. I worked

so long in night clubs I can never get to sleep before four in the morning even now. I guess it's just luck that I've kept my appearance."

"I've never done anything to keep my hair—except shampoo it two or three times a week."

I asked him what he thought of his singing successors—like the bald Crosby and the balding Sinatra.

"Although I say it myself, I don't think any of them could touch my rendering of a few songs like 'The Whiffenpoof Song' even if they tried."

But it would be wrong to call Vallee uncharitable or selfish. He added: "I'm a great fan of all of them—especially Crosby. There's a great performer."

Even Hedy . . .

AND hasn't Vallee dedicated himself unashamedly to the women of the world? He has also been married four times. (We should ignore the fact that one of his wives said in a movie of bitterness during divorce proceedings: "He doesn't need a wife—he needs an electric blanket.")

He confessed: "I've known many beautiful women. I've taken Hedy Lamarr to dinner once or twice."

I decided not to interrupt to say I had enjoyed the same privilege with Miss Lamarr. It



And 11 rules for guests.

would have been impolite, apart from the fact that it would have been impossible.

The present Mrs Vallee, the red-head, a 27-year-old from Nevada, managed to interrupt at one stage to say: "No, he's not a millionaire."

Said Vallee, whose income was once as high as £150,000 a year: "You can call me one if you like. It looks nice in print. Of course I'm rich. I've looked after my money carefully."

But it would be wrong to call Vallee mean or stingy.

He is travelling about Paris by Metro and bus "but only because that's the best way to get to know a city."

When he entertains weekend guests at his large Hollywood home they have to observe 11 rules, "but only for their own convenience and peace of mind."

The rules include: (1) Please do not play the Wurlitzer organ before 10 a.m. (2) Please do not overload the plumbing system. (3) Please de-mist the bathroom mirrors after you shower. (4) Guests are recommended to take little cat-naps. (5) Please do not get too intoxicated.

Vallee keeps only Californian wine in his four wine cellars—each 148ft long—"but only because I prefer the local stuff." He looked dubiously at a glass of the restaurant's vintage French wine.

Gift tears

HE doesn't believe in tipping, "but only because anyone can give money."

He gives instead little personal gifts—ball-point pens, key chains, the clips, cufflinks, small bottles of scent—all inscribed "gratefully, cordially, or thankfully, Rudy Vallee." He has brought two gross of the ball-point pens to Europe.

"I once gave one to a waiter in Nassau, and, do you know, tears came into his eyes."

"Tears of rage?" I inquired. The remark was ignored. But it would be wrong to call Vallee a humourous man. He just prefers the jokes he makes himself.

I was given a ball-point pen and I left, choking back my tears, before the waiters were tipped. I couldn't face the sight of the entire staff weeping.

You can call me a coward.

SO THIS IS LIFE IN THE RED ARMY

By **GEORGE WIGG**

MY companion — a Tory M.P. — and I had left Moscow by one of those great main roads that cut endlessly through vast land. Then we turned off on what looked like a farm track.

We came to the stockade surrounding the camp. Stretched across the entrance was a large red banner saying: "We are standing for peace and we are defending the cause of peace."

We were looking at the entrance to the "Red Banner School" of the Red Army.

The officer of the day stood at ramrod attention in front of us and bawled out his name, rank and duties as the top of his voice. He was in dark grey and wore a heavy overcoat that came down to his gleaming field boots.

THE COMMANDANT

He escorted us to the unit headquarters where we were shown into the office of General Lennov, the commandant of this famous school which was founded by Lenin.

While he talked I looked with some curiosity round the room. I might have been a cell. There was a photograph of Lenin and another of Stalin, and the only furniture was a table and three chairs.

General Lennov took us on a tour of inspection. The procedure in each class was the same. The lecturer, an army officer, dressed informally in blouse, would call the class to

attention and then, while the commandant stood at the salute, shouted out his name and rank and the subject he was teaching.

The Red Banner School is for officer cadets, and from about the age of 17 the extras stay there for three years.

During their first 12 months they are trained as private soldiers, during their second year as N.C.O.s, and during the third as officers.

It is a hard, frugal life. At the start, they are paid 75 rubles a month, which, though three times the pay of a conscript, is worth only about £2 of our money.

On paper the curriculum does not seem too arduous—six hours a day for six days a week—but in practice the boys can have little free time. Every evening is devoted to study above all to politics and Marxism.

I went to see their living quarters. They sleep 38 in a room with the beds head-to-head, each bed being made up with sheets and pillows lined up precisely alike. The dining-hall

was attractively laid up for the midday meal. Spotless tablecloths covered small tables set for four. Soup spoons were laid for the beetroot soup borsch.

There were also carafes of brown liquid. Wine? No. It was cold tea. I was told that the consumption of alcohol was forbidden.

I could see no sign of anything resembling a NAAFI. What I did see was a unit club which contained a museum, an ample library, and a cinema which gives three shows a week.

NO AVA GARDNER

What sort of shows? There is no Russian Ava Gardner. The accent is not on love but on Soviet achievement.

I was impressed by what I saw. It is an army, on the evidence of the Red Banner School, that is politically educated, strictly disciplined, hard working and efficient.

And aggressive? Bent on world conquest? To answer that one should go back to the fascinating talk we had with Malenkov and Molotov shortly before we left Moscow.

Malenkov was asked whether he thought the two systems—capitalist and Communist—could live side by side in peace. His answer: "Why not?"

"In the end," he argued, "the better one will win."

Russia believes that Communism is more efficient than Democracy and we believe the opposite. Given peace, history alone will decide.

PETER CHURCHILL'S WAR EXPERIENCES

25 MONTHS IN PRISON CAMPS

By **Peter Lovegrove**

OF the 400 highly trained men and women agents of the War Office sent to France to organise and assist the Resistance movement fighting the German war machine during World War Two, none did more daring or valuable work than Captain Peter Churchill, DSO, MC, Croix de Guerre — a quiet, light-hearted, bespectacled young man, who took degrees in French, Spanish and Italian at Cambridge, represented both Varsity and England at ice hockey, and dabbled with publicity, metallurgy, silver fox farming and the Consular Service before the war.

Peter Churchill made four clandestine trips to France by submarine and parachute, and spent 225 days behind the enemy lines before falling into the hands of the Gestapo on the shores of Lake Annecy.

detail the effects of solitary confinement and the unquenchable spirit of a gallant host of Nazi torturers. He was 300 days in a French cell, where resignation, hope and despair followed each other round, like the seasons, in a regular cycle. Behind these bars, a gift of 72 Red Cross biscuits constituted a gigantic feast, a book all to himself a consolation beyond measure.

Of his rare excursions outside his cell, he writes: "Though I had now reached the exalted state of a monk studying quietly in his cell, occasional temptations broke in the cloisters like platinum mileposts because of their rarity. I would bring back a wild flower and spend hours analysing its formation, its petals, its veins and its curved velvety substance. The limited time at one's disposal meant that one could study so small a trifle with a minuteness of care and attention that no flower-lover ever gave or could afford to give to a pet orchid. The idea of suddenly finding oneself transplanted into the wealth of Kew Gardens was almost overwhelming."

Radio Links

He engineered the escape of 10 French patriots from a Marseilles prison, organised radio links and selected landing grounds for RAF supply drops, formed the first Maquis in the mountains of Savoy, set up the Resistance movement's supply of arms and explosives, and made the plans to wreck the French railway system 48 hours before D-Day.

His courier in the "Underground," Odette Sanson, the George Cross heroine, was captured with him, and the story of her experiences and the tortures she endured has been told in book and film. They were married in 1947.

His first two books, "Of Their Own Choice," and "Duel of Wits," told of his four hazardous missions. His third, "The Spirit in the Cage," which has just been published (Hodder and Stoughton, 12/6) deals with the 25 months he spent in solitary confinement and concentration camps.

Grim Tombs

The book travels from Annecy barracks, where he was beaten up by drunken Italian soldiers, the notorious prison of Fresnes near Paris, the grim tombs of the Albrechtstrasse, the Berlin HQ of the Gestapo, to the infamous concentration camps of Schenkenhausen, Flossenberg and Dachau, with their starving inmates and ever-smoking crematoria. It brings home with almost painful intensity his ordeal of body, mind and spirit, and those of his more unfortunate fellow prisoners.

For most of them, there was little hope, but he was kept alive as Odette's captor, in convincing the Germans that he was a relation of Sir Winston Churchill's and he received less inhuman treatment than most.

This is a moving and inspiring book, describing in minute

Despite the solitary confinement, the prisoners succeeded in communicating with each other in a variety of ingenious ways, and even produced a choir, each 'treble' concluding with the Marseillaise and the British National Anthem.

At Schenkenhausen, Peter Churchill enjoyed the companionship of notable high-ranking Russian officers, Polish airmen, Italian Service attaches, Brigadier Jack Churchill, and four airmen who had taken part in the mass escape from Luft III D, when 50 of the 78 escapees were shot on recapture.

Dachau Elite

At Dachau he joined the elite of the prisoners — Pastor Niemoller, Field-Marshal Papagos, C-in-C of the Greek Army and the present Premier of Greece, former Austrian Chancellor von Schuschnigg and his wife, General Gerdul, grandson of the famous liberator of Italy, the late Leon Blum, the French Socialist leader, the Hungarian Prime Minister von Kallay and the entire Hungarian Cabinet, General von Falkenhausen, former C-in-C of German Forces in Belgium, who had refused to carry out Hitler's instructions to execute all Belgian saboteurs without trial, Thyssen of Krupp, Reichsbank President Dr Schacht, the tough, masterful Colonel von Bonin, who had defied Hitler's orders not to retreat from untenable ground on the Russian front, and many others.

When the Allied armies threatened to overrun their camp, these prominent hostages were transferred to Innsbruck, and then moved to Italy under SS escort, who had orders to execute all the British officers and other military prisoners. However, Col. von Bonin called up a company of Wehrmacht troops to rescue them from the murderous SS, and with the area swarming with Italian partisans the SS guards suddenly vanished and left them free.

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"CARHAGE"	21st November	22nd December
"CORFU"	17th November	17th Dec. 1954
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SHARK TRANSFER FORMS. 30 cents at S. C. M. Post.

NOTICE

BANK HOLIDAY

The Exchange Banks will be closed for the transaction of public business on Monday, 8th November 1954 (The day following Remembrance Sunday).

Hongkong, 6th Nov. 1954.

To ADVERTISERS

SUNDAY POST-HERALD space for commercial advertising should be booked not later than noon on Wednesdays.

For the SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST and the CHINA MAIL, 48 hours before date of publication.
Special Announcements and Classified Advertisements as usual.

Indonesian Troops In New Guinea

The Hague, Nov. 4. Dutch marines are pursuing 48 Indonesian troops who landed on the jungle-covered territory of Netherlands New Guinea, during the second half of last month, it was officially announced here today.

The troops, belonging to the 25th Infantry Regiment, came from Ambona via Dobo. They landed in Southwest New Guinea in the Etna-Bani area where they were said to have molested the village population and then advanced to the interior.

The group had now dispersed leaving ammunition, food and papers behind, but Dutch marines were continuing their pursuit, the announcement said. —Reuter.

This Big Trout Was Not Fly

Garmisch-Partenkirchen, W. Germany, Nov. 4. Mr. Stanley Medel, of Buffalo, New York, is thinking of writing to a member of Congress about a fish that got away.
Mr. Medel, a civilian engineer employed here by the United States Army, went fishing with Representative Adam Clayton Powell (Democrat, New York) who, hooked but failed to land the biggest trout he had ever seen.

Three weeks later Medel fished at the same spot and caught a trout 34 1/2 inches long, weighing 11 1/2 pounds. The jaw had been cut, as if by a line, and below the scar was a mark which looked as if it had been made with a hook.
He believes the trout was the one which broke Representative Powell's line. —China Mail Special.

ENVOY CALLS ON EDEN

London Nov. 4. Senhor Don Pedro Pereira, Portuguese Ambassador to Britain, called today on Sir Anthony Eden, the British Foreign Secretary, for "a general discussion," a Portuguese Embassy spokesman said today.

Their talk is believed to have ranged over the Paris agreement, bringing West Germany into the European defence system. It is also thought to have embraced the situation in Portugal's Indian settlements, some districts of which have for several weeks been occupied by self-styled "Liberators" from India. —Reuter.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

P.O. Box 33 Queen's Building Tel: 26651

FAST PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE
"CAMBODGE" sailing Nov. 12th
"LAOS" sailing Dec. 4th

FAST FREIGHT SERVICE
* "PEI-HO" sailing Nov. 11th
* "BIR HAKEM" sailing Dec. 19th
* Accept direct cargo for Alexandria, Barcelona & London.

Japanese Youth Refuse To Go North

Tokyo, Nov. 4.

Japan still has a colony, although she has lost her empire.

But almost no settlers will come here to Japan's most northerly island.

This city is the capital of a geographical paradox.

In a nation suffering acutely from overcrowding there are still in Hokkaido great open spaces into which Japan's surplus million simply refuse to go.

In Tokyo, the experts are concerned about sustenance for Japan's 84,000,000 people. On the Japanese mainland, there is a net annual population increase exceeding one million.

BEARS ROAM FOREST

In Hokkaido, bears roam in virgin forest. Untracked wilderness awaits the plough.

In the southerly islands, every square mile of cultivated land has to carry 4,220 persons.

Here, in Hokkaido, there is a state-sponsored training scheme for new settlers. In ten years since the war, it has handled 4,000 recruits to Japan's "North-west Frontier"—a rate of 400 per annum which makes little impression on the nation's population problem.

There was, in addition, a small influx of people under the State's development plan.

FEW STAY

Many Japanese come to this natural paradise for holidays. Few stay.

They examine the hot pools and steam vents of actively volcanic areas. They remark on the beauty and the clarity of unspoiled lakes and swiftly-running rivers. They eat rice brought up from the southern islands. Cows and sheep are noticed in the clearings—without conjuring up thoughts of meat as food.

Japanese farmers grow rice. So they stay away from Hokkaido where rice culture is unsuited to the soil or the climate except in a few river flats.

Japanese eat fish. So they stay away from Hokkaido where the agricultural economy would be most efficient if it were based on pasture for beef or mutton.

Japanese like a temperate climate. In Hokkaido, the summer season is brisk, the winter cold and long. The Japanese stay away.

The total area of Japan's remaining home territory is 143,890 square miles and the population density over all this area, including Hokkaido, is 617 persons per square mile, forests, mountains, paddy fields and all.

146 A SQ. MILE

Hokkaido's area is 30,687 square miles, the population is 4,500,000 giving a statistical density of 146 per square mile.

If it is recognised that Hokkaido would not support anything like the population of the southern islands, but the Hokkaido Government estimated that under a development plan the island would carry 6,000,000 people in 1947. They could not find new settlers in sufficient numbers.

Only 80 years ago, Hokkaido was the home only of wild animals and the aboriginal people, the Ainu.

When Japan was opened up to the West and began developing modern systems, in the Meiji era, towards the end of the last century, Japanese for the first time took an organised interest in their northern territories.

Colonisation schemes were developed. Hokkaido is now administratively a part of the nation, but in effect remains something very much like a colonial outpost.

In the southern islands, the traveller is hard put to it to avoid people. Here, it is often difficult to find anyone in a 100 miles.

AIR SERVICES

In the southern islands, comfortable air services, sleeping compartments in crack express trains, are readily available.

Here, few roads are better than rough tracks through the forest and among the mountains and lakes there are many square miles without even a foot-bridged track traversing them.

Outside a few main centres like Sapporo, the villages are recognisably frontier posts, awaiting expansion.

There is a slow movement into the empty spaces. But Japan's mainland population increased by 16,000,000 people in eight years after the war. Hokkaido had 3,086,871 people in 1927, 3,500,000 in 1945 and this year the population was estimated at 4,500,000.

Cow's grazing in the clearings gives Hokkaido's claim to be Japan's main source of dairy supplies. But often in the same clearings, untamed stags of these deer demonstrate how much remains of the wild.

In Japan, the government's "On North Young" policy is based by the Japanese government.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL



STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

R.M.S. "CHUSAN"

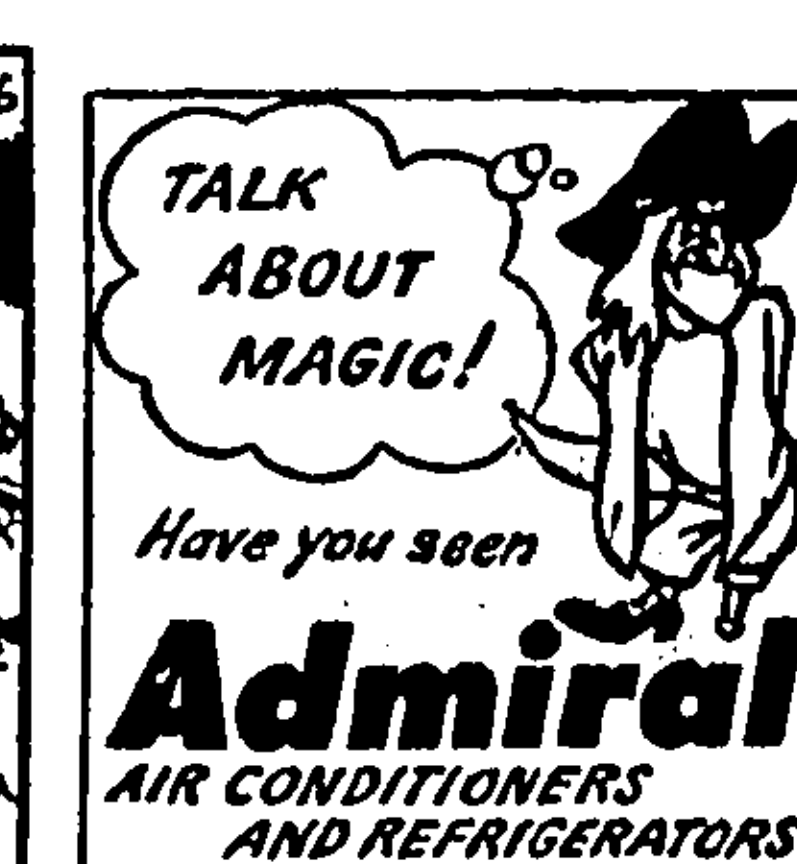
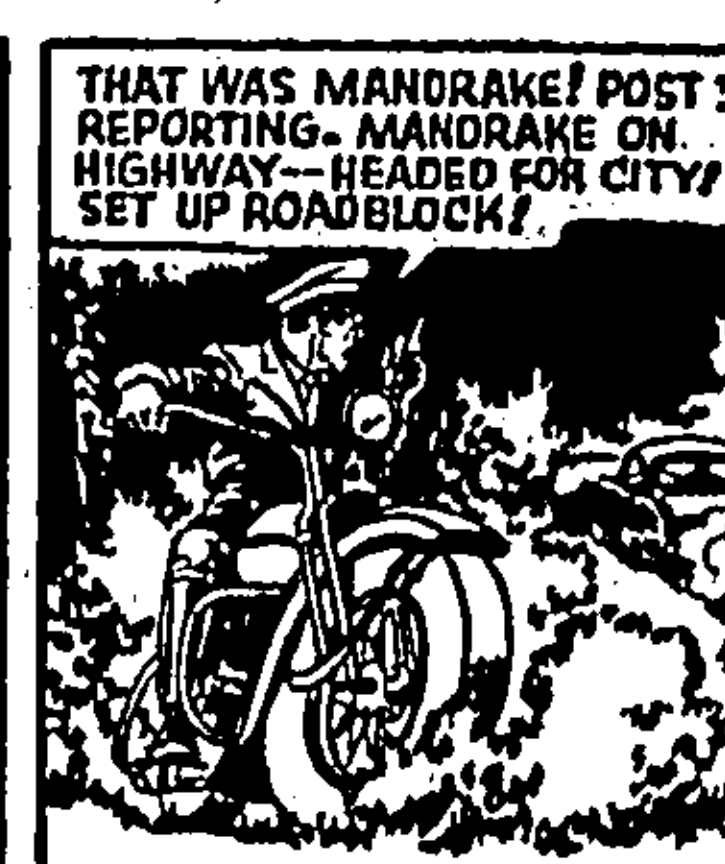
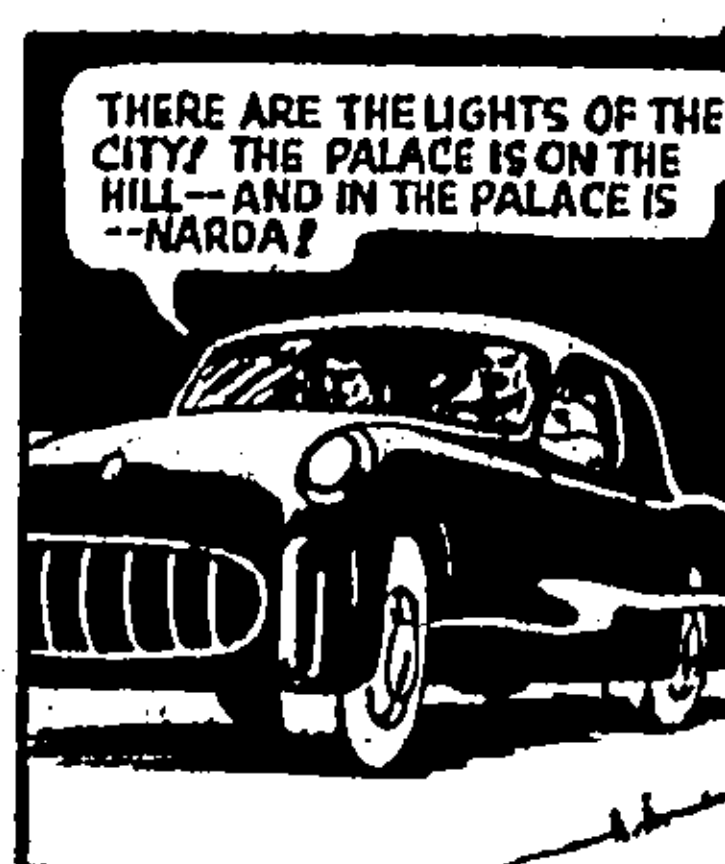
Owing to the approaching Typhoon, the "CHUSAN" will put to sea this afternoon, and is expected to return to the Wharf on the afternoon of Saturday, 6th November 1954, weather permitting.

The "CHUSAN" will sail from Hong Kong either at 11 a.m. on Sunday, 7th November 1954 or at 11 a.m. on Monday, 8th November, 1954.

Announcements will be made in the Press and over Radio Hongkong and Rediffusion.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



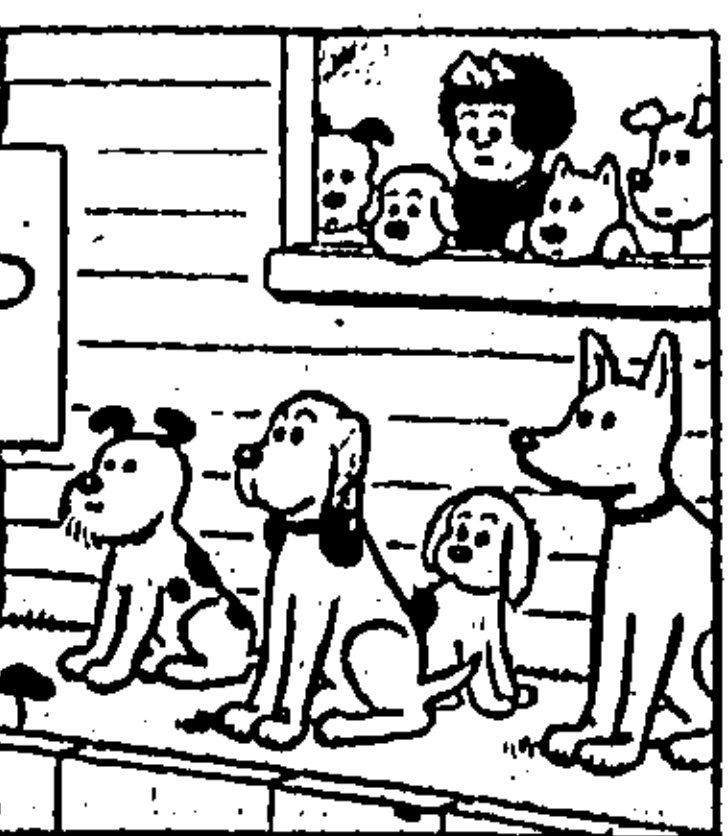
FERD'NAND

By Mik



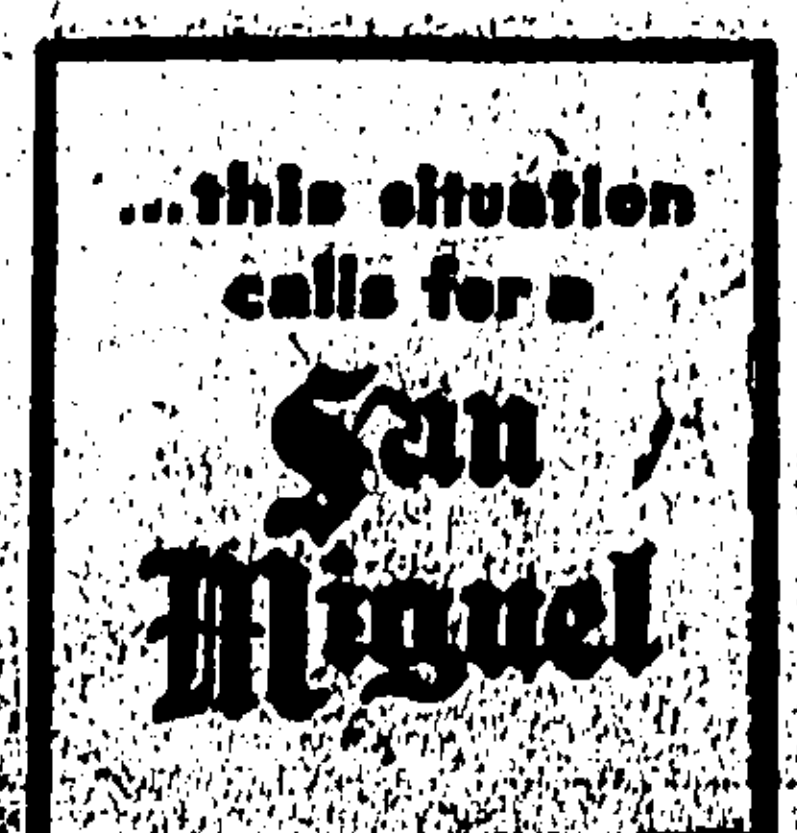
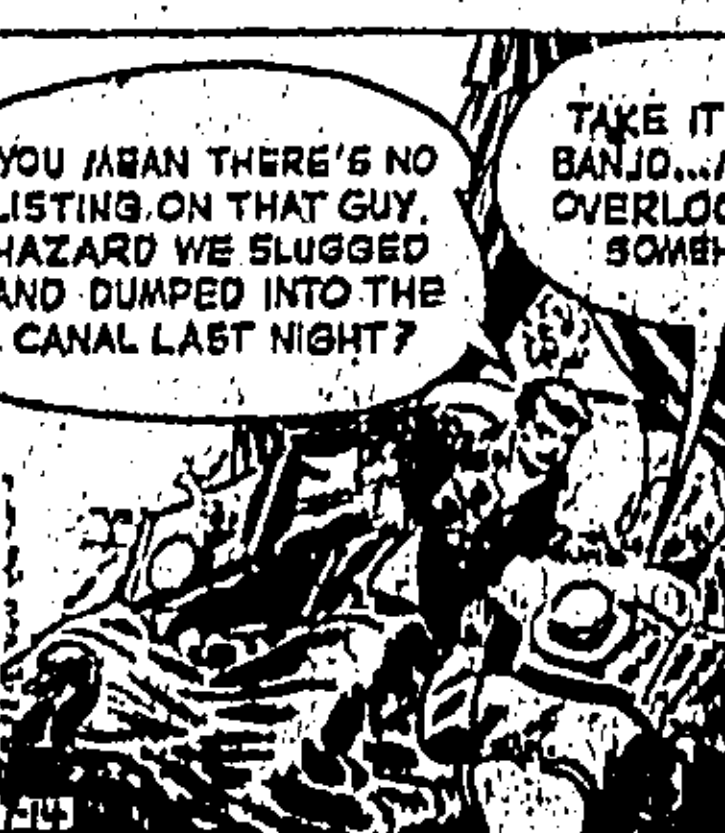
NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



EVERETT LINES

EVERETT ORIENT LINE

Fast regular freight — refrigerator — passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Rangoon, Calcutta and Chittagong.

"NOREVERETT"

Arrives Nov. 16 from Singapore.
Sails Nov. 16 for Kobe & Yokohama.

"REBEVERETT"

Arrives Nov. 16 from Manila.
Sails Nov. 17 for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon, Chittagong & Calcutta.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight — refrigerator — passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Persian Gulf.

"STAR ARCTURUS"

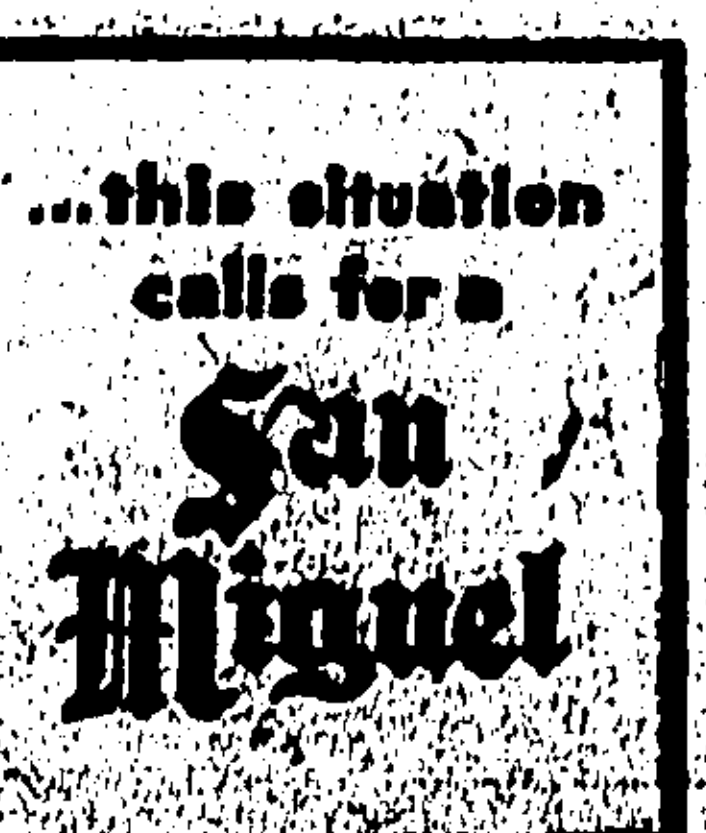
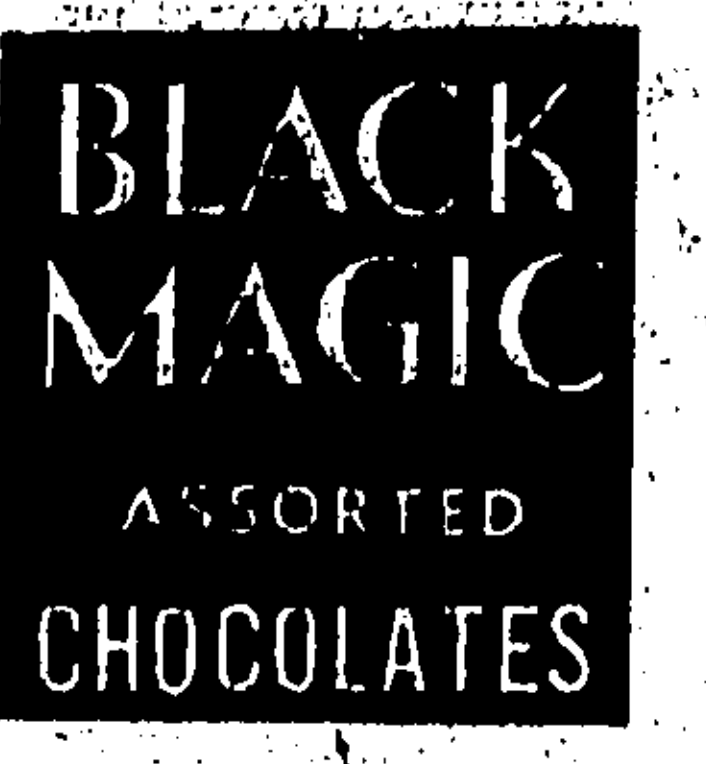
Arrives Nov. 14 from Singapore.
Sails Nov. 14 for Kobe & Yokohama.

"THAI"

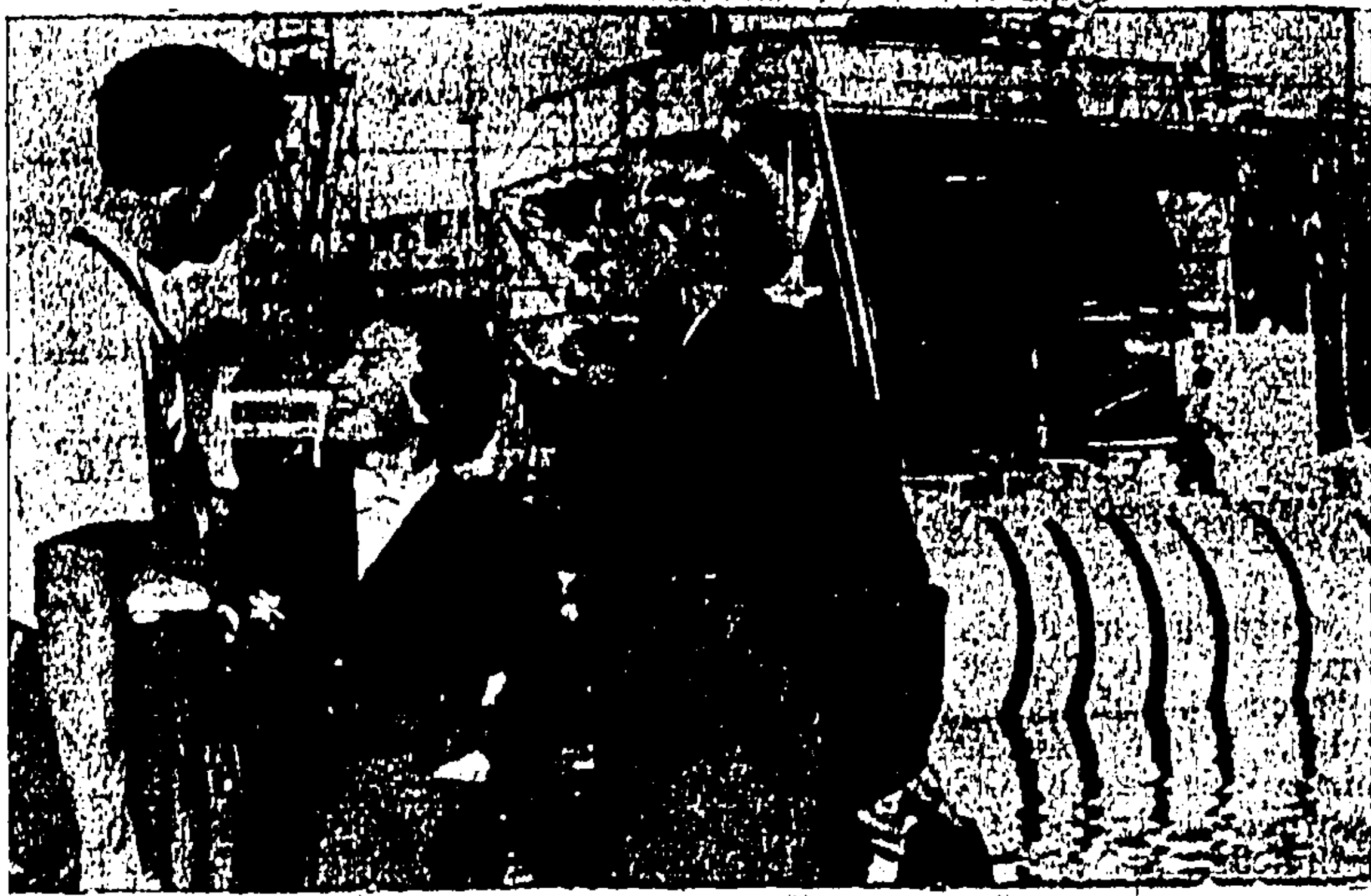
Arrives Dec. 8 from Singapore.
Sails Dec. 7 for Kobe & Yokohama.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okinawa)

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A
(Incorporated in the Republic of Panama with limited liability)
Chinese Department: Telephone 28293.
Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.



Professor Piccard Prepares For Deep Sea Dive



Professor Piccard, the famous undersea explorer, with his son Jean and daughter-in-law, at a last-minute Bay of Naples, where he is making final preparations for his latest series of dives. With his son Jean, he hopes to take the bathysphere "Trieste" below the sea in the Bay of Naples, to depths exceeding 6,000 feet, and bring back specimens and photographs of the seabed and sea life. The bathysphere has just been brought to Castellammare, where some trials will be made in the Bay of Naples, before the expedition sets off for the deeper Atlantic waters.—Express Photo.

LAVISH SPENDING REDUCING DANES' PROSPERITY

Copenhagen, Nov. 4. Exactly two years ago, months of lavish public and private spending have sufficed to reduce Denmark from a prosperous little country with a comfortable balance at the National Bank into one which is swallowing in a financial morass and wondering where to turn next.

Increased taxation, unemployment and disinflation have over 4,000,000 Danes, who only a year ago after five successive years of good harvests and favourable terms for trading, thought that good times had set in forever.

The Social Democratic Government led by Mr. Hans Hedtoft, apparently thought so too, having secured a victory in the elections in September 1952, with a two-man lead over their rivals, the Social Democrats were determined that a good time should be had by all.

Direct taxation was reduced, import restrictions relaxed or abandoned, practically unrestricted foreign currency was granted for foreign travel, motorcars flowed into the country in unprecedented numbers and, simultaneously, the Government launched ambitious schemes for building schools, barracks, hospitals, and private houses.

Private persons were allowed to borrow for building houses at two per cent, including amortisation repayable over 100 years, out of loans which cost the state between 5 and 6 per cent.

The Danes had a wonderful time while it lasted. Private expenditure, helped by big wage and salary increases last spring, topped all records. Trade boomed correspondingly. Never were so many gleaming, new American cars seen on the fine double-track Lyngbyve, leading to Copenhagen's smart suburbs of Charlottenlund and Gentofte, while the less wealthy citizens consoled themselves by eating more than at any time since the war, buying new radio sets, motor bicycles, clothes and furniture, and consuming unbelievable quantities of schnaps and beer.

To give an example of private expenditure, a middle class Danish housewife said that she needed 1,000 Kr. (£50) a month to keep her family of five, her husband and 15-year-old son. Foreigners, not accustomed to such lavish feeding, manage on less than half this amount.

Meanwhile, during the year, feeding prices moved against Denmark. Coffee, which Danes drink in inordinate quantities, soared, so that the country's coffee bill exceeded even its unprecedented bill for motorcars and lorries. Fodder prices, which mean so much to Denmark, also rose.

The National Bank's store of foreign currency amounted, in

September 1953, to 390,000,000 kroner (about £19,500,000), but by the end of last July, it had almost vanished, falling by 25,000,000 kroner (about £1,250,000). At the end of July, it had sunk to 5,000,000 kroner (about £250,000).

During August, the position became even worse. The foreign currency account for the month showed a deficit of nearly 80,000,000 kroner (about £4,000,000), indicating that in one month no less than 91,000,000 kroner (about £4,550,000) worth of foreign currency had vanished.

As the adverse balance of trade in July, after previous heavy setbacks, was 200,500,000 kroner (about £10,000,000), it is almost certain that the National Bank will suffer further losses in the next few months.

The man-in-the-street is now wondering where the money will come from to pay for the heavy imports of the bills he needs. The National Bank will doubtless draw upon its credits with the European Payments Union and also upon its dollar assets amounting to about 600,000,000 kroner (about £30,000,000), although its foreign indebtedness at present greatly exceeds this sum.

Denmark's position now is that of a man who still has some money in the bank, but who could not possibly pay all his debts with it. The National Bank will suffer further losses in the next few months.

To deal with the situation, the Government has announced that it will introduce a series of demands for higher taxation on petrol, beer, spirits, small claims and other so-called luxuries.

These increases are expected to bring in 400,000,000 kroner (about £20,000,000) during the next eighteen months. But whatever it may do, some considerable time must elapse before there is any appreciable effect upon the country's economic position. A further 200,000,000 kroner (about £10,000,000) will be paid off public expenditure.

Some weeks ago, the Government started to curtail expenditure on buildings. The cost of the defence services was cut, and the bank rate raised to five and one half per cent.

There is talk in political and commercial circles here that the Government may be driven to devalue the kroner, which would give it a momentary respite. It may be taken for granted, however, that Ministers will make every effort to avoid this, for the Danes are a proud people and would regard devaluation as a slur on their self-respect.

But it may happen. Some foreign firms are already refusing to accept any more payments in Danish kroner. Grave political repercussions have been caused by the foreign

currency situation, which has badly shaken the fragile political balance in the Folketing. The Opposition parties, Conservatives and Farmers, are sitting tight, virtually saying to the Government: "You got us into this mess. It is up to you to get us out of it."

The small Radical Party, which in the last resort can keep the Government in power, is worried. It thinks that it can gain public sympathy and, later, votes by switching its support to the opposition. It will undoubtedly do so.

The only way out, many political observers here think, is another election this autumn in the New Year. The opposition would like one now. But unless the Radicals make its position untenable, the Government is certain to hang on, for Ministers know that they would only court an expression of the voters' fury if they went to the country on their present record.

—China Mail Special.

Drug stops childbirth fears, says doctor

TAKE ONE SPOONFUL OF COURAGE

London, Nov. 4. A spoonful of a harmless drug can allay a woman's fear of childbirth and blot out the memory of the pain, a London doctor claims today.

It is the same anti-fear drug—methylenediphenol—which is already being widely prescribed by dentists and used by public speakers to give themselves confidence.

Dr Gordon Bourne has tested the drug on 220 mothers, many of them giving birth to their first babies.

"It has a pronounced action in removing fear and allaying apprehension," he reports in the Lancet. "The more nervous the patient the more the effect."

Dr Granly Dick Read has proved that childbirth can be made almost painless without anaesthetics if the mother forgives her fears and relaxes.

Most mothers are unable to do this without long training before their babies are born. After taking the drug, however, they can relax automatically, Dr Bourne claims.

RELAXING. This action is of special value in emergency cases, where fear and apprehension are usually greatest. "Methylenediphenol calmed nervous patients and allowed them to relax to an extent previously thought impossible without heavy sedation," Dr Bourne states. There was some evidence that the drug helped to allay pain by reducing the duration of childbirth. It had no ill effects, London Express Service.

U.S. Manufacturers' Sales Jump In September

Washington, Nov. 4. Manufacturers received more new orders for goods in September, largely military items, than in any month since the business downturn started in mid-1953, the Commerce Department reports. It also said that manufacturers' sales rose "slightly" and that industry's backlog of unfilled orders jumped for the first time in 19 months. Higher sales were general throughout industry except for auto makers who were getting ready for new model cars.

The Department attributed the business spurt largely to "the increased placement of defence orders with transportation equipment companies." In other words, the armed services ordered more planes, ships, tanks and motor vehicles.

The report came on the heels of a disclosure by Labour Secretary James P. Mitchell, an announcement that unemployment dropped by 358,000 early this month. At the same time, however, the Census Bureau reported that the number of employed was about the same as a month earlier.

Manufacturers received \$21,800,000 in new orders in September, \$2,000,000 more than in August. The Department said only \$400,000,000 of the increase could be attributed to the usual upturn at this time of year.

The backlog of unfilled orders rose by \$400,000,000 to \$47,700,000,000. This was the first increase since January 1953, and the biggest since 1948. The backlog started dropping from its record high of \$7,900,000,000 in September, 1952.

No breakdown was available on the dollar volume of defence spending included in the September total. But the report showed that new orders for durable goods jumped by \$2,500,000,000 and for non-durable goods by only \$500,000,000. Heavy military buying has continued through October. The

World Rubber Markets

Singapore, Nov. 4. The rubber market opened very steady and advanced on trade buying and some factory interest. Sellers were very reserved and prices advanced on short covering but little off the best. Future closings:

No. 1 rubber per lb.	Nov. 81-1/10-81-3/10
Dec.	80-15/10-81-1/10
Jan.	unquoted
No. 2 rubber per lb.	Nov. 79-7/10
Dec.	78-7/10
Jan.	unquoted
No. 3 rubber per lb.	Nov. 78-7/10
Dec.	77-7/10
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No. 4 rubber per lb.	Nov. 77-7/10
Dec.	76-7/10
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Spot rubber unbleached	76-7/10
Blanket crepe	75-7/10
No. 1 pale crepe	74-7/10

NEW YORK. Futures today closed unchanged to 15 points higher with sales of 120 contracts.

Shipment offerings were reported light in supply and generally above a workable basis.

In the local spot market, a small business included January one sheets at 24 1/2 cents; February one sheets at 24 cents; March one sheets at 23 1/2 cents, all landed basis.

Spot No. 1 Rs were quoted at 28 cents, nominal. Prices:

Dec.	28.05
Jan.	28.00
Feb.	27.95
Mar.	27.90
Apr.	27.85
May	27.80
June	27.75
July	27.70
Aug.	27.65
Sept.	27.60
Oct.	27.55
Nov.	27.50

LONDON. The market was firm. Prices of No. 1 spot Rs quoted at 24 1/2 pence per lb. Prices:

No. 1 spot Rs	24-20/2
Settlement house term	24-20/2
Dec.	24-20/2
Jan.	24-20/2
Feb.	24-20/2
Mar.	24-20/2
Apr.	24-20/2
May	24-20/2
June	24-20/2
July	24-20/2
Aug.	24-20/2
Sept.	24-20/2
Oct.	24-20/2
Nov.	24-20/2

AMSTERDAM. The market was steady today. Prices closed in guilders per kilo. CIP Dec. as follows:

No. 1 rubber	24.50
No. 2 rubber	24.00
No. 3 rubber	23.50
No. 4 rubber	23.00
Spot rubber	23.50
Blanket crepe	23.00
No. 1 pale crepe	22.50

TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

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No. 1 pale crepe	22.50

TUBELESS TYRE PRODUCTION

Akron, Nov. 4. The Firestone Tyre and Rubber Company is producing tubeless tyres at its United States plants at a rate exceeding one million per month, according to the Company's President, Mr. Lee R. Jackson. This rate would be increased substantially by early next year, Mr. Jackson said. Firestone output of tubeless tyres would constitute a very large percentage of the company's total production by this time next year, he added. —Reuter.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

New York, Nov. 4. Post-election enthusiasm carried the stock market through a second session of soaring advance today, lifting prices to new quarter-century highs.

The session was the most active since August 17, with volume of 3,440,000 shares. More than 1,000,000 shares of the total traded between 2 o'clock and the 3.30 close as prices moved to their highs.

Gains ranged to 2 points in all groups and some leaders were 3 points higher.

Industrials, which yesterday scored their sharpest gain in 15 years, added another \$3.45 to their average and closed at the best level since September 19, 1929.

Railroads improved \$1.72 on average to their best since October 4, 1930. Utilities, which rose more than \$1 yesterday in their sharpest gain since May 6, 1939, added 22 cents more today but still were below their high set in late August.

Steel shares, hesitant at the opening, later met heavy demand. Metals were strong.

Good earnings and dividend news helped several issues. Republic Aviation, Bell Aircraft, Minnesota Mining.

Out of a total 1,210 issues traded, 739 were higher, 255 lower.

The New York Stock Exchange bond volume was \$3,380,000.

The American Stock Exchange volume was 610,000 shares.

DOW-JONES AVERAGES. Dow-Jones closing averages on Wall Street today were as follows:

30 Industrials	366.83
20 rails	121.85
12 utilities	121.85
63 stocks	134.11
42 bonds	101.70
Common future price	173.34

—United Press.

WINNIPEG GRAIN PRICES

Winnipeg, Nov. 4. Prices of grain futures closed today in Canadian cents per bushel as follows:

Dec.	83 1/2
May	84 1/2
July	81 1/2
Rye	
Dec.	125
May	120-125
July	130
Barley	

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CHINA MAIL

**LARGEST
WRITING
MILEAGE
GUARANTEED**
SHEAFFER'S
Fineline
"500"
RETRACTABLE BALLPOINT PEN

Page 10 FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1954.

BIG WASHINGTON WELCOME FOR THE QUEEN MOTHER: THOUSANDS LINE THE STREETS

Washington, Nov. 4. Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother drove to the White House today in President Eisenhower's personal limousine on her arrival here by air from New York.

Secret servicemen and soldiers surrounded the plane as soon as it touched down and guarded the luxurious Lincoln limousine — flying the Queen Mother's personal standard as well as the United States flag — in which she drove to the White House.

The Queen Mother was warmly welcomed at the airport by Mr. John Foster Dulles, Secretary of State.

At the White House, President Eisenhower said: "This is a wonderful day for me as I come forward on the porch to greet her and shake her hand."

Mrs. Eisenhower said: "It's nice to see you again."

Scenes of emotion and respect surrounded the Queen Mother as she entered the White House.

BLUE DRESS

Wearing a blue dress and a white fox stole and carrying a bouquet of white orchids, she was smiling as she descended the steps to greet Mr. Dulles.

"No word of mine is needed to make clear how warmly you are welcomed by the American people," Mr. Dulles said. "All the people look to her and the Royal Family with respect, respect and affection."

QUEEN MOTHER'S REPLY

The Queen Mother said: "I thank you Mr. Secretary for your warm welcome."

"I am delighted to be in this beautiful city once again for I have such happy memories of my stay here in 1939 with the King and of the wonderful hospitality which was received on that occasion."

"I know too how greatly my daughter, the Queen, enjoyed her visit with the Duke of Edinburgh to your capital city three years ago."

Washington was all prepared to give the Queen Mother a glowing welcome in her return to the scene of her triumphant visit with the late King George VI in 1939.

The end of freezing weather, which has gripped the city this week, encouraged thousands of people to venture outdoors to watch the Queen Mother drive along the historic five-mile parade route from the military air transport terminal to the White House.

STATE OCCASION

A high police official said just before the arrival: "We expect that the Queen Mother's private



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MODE ELITE
22 Queen's Rd., C. Tel. 24052

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"It's not healthy to coop yourself up indoors, Mom—grab your pocketbook and we'll go for a ride in my jalopy to the gas station and around!"

Legionnaires Rush To Help French Troops

Batna Algeria, Nov. 4. Foreign legionnaires set out from their headquarters at Side Bel Abbes today speeding across Algeria to reinforce a powerful French attack on the rebel mountain stronghold in the rugged Aures region.

White Algerian Nationalist bands, led by Francis Tunisian Fellaghas — outlaws — held the countryside at bay, two French armoured columns fought their way through deep ravines to join up at the village of Foun Toub.

Fighting planes sprayed the mountain slopes with tracer bullets and tanks poured in their cannon fire as rebels kept up a withering reply from automatic weapons.

Foun Toub was captured yesterday when it was found impossible to govern the safety of the population. Parachutists, security police and mobile guards are arriving almost hourly in Algeria, but the military authorities here estimated it will need at least two highly mobile mountain divisions to flush the bandits.

SEMI-SIEGE

The town of Arris, administrative centre of the region, is still under semi-siege. It was taken over by Algerian Nationalists on Monday after the two-hour terrorist coup throughout the country and captured 24 hours later.

At all the approaches to the town remained under rebel fire. By a convoy of tanks and armoured cars escorted the soldiers of the 250 odd French civilians to Batna without meeting any opposition.

The evacuees included women and children brought into Arris from isolated villages and forest rangers posts. Parachutists were recovering radio equipment abandoned at the posts.

Later reports said French armoured cars had penetrated to Foun Toub and cleared the village of rebels who retired to their nearby hideouts in the mountains. Food was brought in for the local population.

Constitutional Changes Announced For British Honduras

London, Nov. 4. The British Government today announced a further measure of constitutional advance in the Central American colony of British Honduras.

The Colonial Secretary, Mr. Lennox-Boyd, told the House of Commons this was justified by the "energetic co-operation" of the majority party, the People's United Party in the processes of Government during their first months of office.

It was this party which earlier this year was investigated by a court of inquiry in Belize, capital of British Honduras to examine alleged affiliations with the Communists of neighbouring Guatemala.

DELEGATION INVITED

When the PUP won the subsequent elections, the British Government invited a delegation from the unofficial members of the Executive Council, including leaders of the PUP, to London for talks which lasted three weeks.

Mr. Lennox-Boyd said the discussions were conducted throughout in the "most friendly spirit."

The constitutional change is that from January 1, 1955, the Governor will in his discretion assign to unofficial members of his Executive Council the function of steering the business of the Legislative Assembly. They will also raise the Executive Council questions relating to those departments.

Three members will have these responsibilities for departments grouped as natural resources, social services and public utilities.

Mr. Lennox-Boyd also announced that the British Government is making a grant of £250,000 to the Colony to be spent over the next three years.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. Time Signal and Programme Summary: 6.55. Children's Hour: Working Together. 7.00. A Child (BBC) 7.05. Concert by the Royal Marines Band of the Royal Artillery. 7.10. News. 7.15. The World. 7.20. The World. 7.25. The World. 7.30. The World. 7.35. The World. 7.40. The World. 7.45. The World. 7.50. The World. 7.55. The World. 8.00. The World. 8.05. The World. 8.10. The World. 8.15. The World. 8.20. The World. 8.25. The World. 8.30. The World. 8.35. The World. 8.40. The World. 8.45. The World. 8.50. The World. 8.55. The World. 9.00. The World. 9.05. The World. 9.10. The World. 9.15. The World. 9.20. The World. 9.25. The World. 9.30. The World. 9.35. The World. 9.40. The World. 9.45. The World. 9.50. The World. 9.55. The World. 10.00. The World. 10.05. The World. 10.10. The World. 10.15. The World. 10.20. The World. 10.25. The World. 10.30. The World. 10.35. The World. 10.40. The World. 10.45. The World. 10.50. The World. 10.55. The World. 11.00. The World. 11.05. The World. 11.10. 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